## **Crystal Growth of Low Dimensional Spin Systems**

<u>W. Assmus</u> and A. Prokofiev Physikalisches Institut, J. W. Goethe-Universität Max-von-Laue-Str. 1, 60438 Frankfurt a. M.

Crystal growth of the quasi-low dimensional spin systems  $(VO)_2P_2O_7$ , LiCuVO<sub>4</sub>,  $\alpha$ -CuV<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub> and CuSb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub> is reported. All substances are characterized by different kinds of instabilities. Vanadylpyrophosphate can be grown from the melt in an atmosphere containing 0.1-0.7 mol % of oxygen. The other compounds decompose before melting inevitably. Therefore these crystals are grown from a flux at lower temperature. The corresponding phase-diagrams solute-solvent were determined. For growth of CuSb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub> chemical vapour transport was used as growth method. The crystals were characterized by x-ray diffractometry and EPMA. A short overview of our recent crystal growth program will be given.